**WebFOCUS Pre-Training Questions:**

1. A Star Schema has what type of relationship between a dimension and fact table?
2. Many-to-many
3. One-to-one
4. **One-to-many**
5. All of the above
6. What ETL Stands for  
   A) Data inspection  
   B) Transformation  
   C) **Extract, Transform, Load**  
   D) Data Flow
7. Data is Operational systems are typically fragmented and inconsistent
8. **True**
9. False
10. Which is subset of SQL commands used to manipulate Oracle database structures, including tables:
11. **Data Definition Language(DDL)**
12. Data Manipulation Language(DML)
13. Both of above
14. None
15. Which Operator performs pattern matching in SQL
16. BETWEEN Operator
17. EXIST Operator
18. **LIKE Operator**
19. None of These
20. Which SQL function is used to count the number of rows in a SQL query?  
    a) COUNT()  
    b) NUMBER()  
    c) SUM()  
    **d) COUNT(\*)**
21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_removes all rows from a table without logging the individual row deletions.  
    a) DELETE  
    b) REMOVE  
    c) DROP  
    **d) TRUNCATE**
22. Which of the following is not a DDL command?  
    a) UPDATE  
    b) TRUNCATE  
    c) ALTER  
    d) None of the Mentioned
23. Which of the following are TCL commands?  
    a) UPDATE and TRUNCATE  
    b) SELECT and INSERT  
    c) GRANT and REVOKE  
    d) **ROLLBACK and SAVEPOINT**
24. If you don’t specify ASC or DESC after a SQL ORDER BY clause, the following is used by default \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
    a) **ASC**  
    b) DESC  
    c) There is no default value  
    d) None of the mentioned
25. Which of the following statement is true?  
    a) **DELETE does not free the space containing the table and TRUNCATE free the space containing the table**  
    b) Both DELETE and TRUNCATE free the space containing the table  
    c) Both DELETE and TRUNCATE does not free the space containing the table  
    d) DELETE free the space containing the table and TRUNCATE does not free the space containing the table
26. What is the purpose of the SQL AS clause?  
    **a) The AS SQL clause is used to change the name of a column in the result set or to assign a name to a derived column**  
    b) The AS clause is used with the JOIN clause only  
    c) The AS clause defines a search condition  
    d) All of the mentioned
27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is not a category of SQL command.  
    a) TCL  
    b) **SCL**  
    c) DCL  
    d) DDL
28. Joining is the process of partitioning data according to predefined criteria
29. True
30. **False**
31. Data in the data warehouse are loaded and refreshed from operational system
32. **True**
33. False